

	Ma		Disclosure Label ure12			
<u>Generation Price</u> Average price per kWh at different levels of use. Prices do not include regulated charges for customer service and delivery.	Average Use per Month	1,000 kWh	10,000 kWh	20,000 kWh	40,000 kWh	
	NatGrid	14.5¢	14.5¢	14.5¢	14.5¢	
	NSTAR	13.6¢	13.6¢	13.6¢	13.6¢	
	Unitil	13.6¢	13.6¢	13.6¢	13.6¢	
	WMECO	13.5¢	13.5¢	13.5¢	13.5¢	
	Your average generation price will vary according to when and how much electricity you consume. See your most recent bill for your monthly use and your Terms of Service for the actual prices. * Minimum Length: 12 Month(s) * Contract Term: Fixed					
<u>Power Sources</u> Demand for this electricity product in the period 10/01/23 – 09/30/24 was	Regional Average Power Sources		s System Po	wer Known So	urce Total	
	Air-source heat pump		0		0	
	Biogas		0		0	
	Biomass		2		2	
	Coal Diesel		1		1	
	Digester gas		0		0	
	Energy Storage		0		0	
	Fuel Cell		1		1	
	Geothermal		0		0	
	Ground and Water-source heat pump				0	
	Hydroelectric/Hydropower		7		7	
	Jet		0		0	
	Landfill gas		0		0	
	Liquid Biofuels		0		0	
assigned generation from the following sources.	Municipal Solid Waste		47		1	
	Natural Gas Nuclear		23		<u>47</u> 23	
	Oil		4		4	
	Solar Photovoltaic		8		8	
	Solar Thermal		0		0	
	Trash-to-Energy		2		2	
	Wind		3		3	
	Wood		1		1	
	Total		100%		100%	
	Source: NEPOOL System Mix Oct 1, 2023 – Sept. 30, 2024 (total Power Sources may not equal to 100% due to rounding)					
arbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, and	Emission Rate	Category	CO2	NOx	SO2	
lfur dioxide emission rates from these	New Englan	d (1)	537.24	0.29	0.115	
urces, relative to the regional average,	Imports (183	0.26	0.23	
d to the emission rates of a new	New unit		895	0.06	0.01	
nerating unit.	Source: (1) EPA's Egrid data; (2) DPU based on multiple regional data sources; (3) MA De			al data sources; (3) MA Dept		
Regional Average Generation Resource		int Major Comp	rehensive Air Quality Plan	Approval		
Generating workforce		Output (MWh)			%	
				-	25%	
With union labor		28,953,090				
Without union labor		85,772,910			75%	
Total		114,726,000			100%	
Source: NEPOOL-GIS 2021 GIS Certificate 3 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. The labor report by (2) the sum of net energy load from	or characteristics percenta					



Notes

 Electricity customers in New England are served by an integrated power grid, not particular generating units. The Above information is on generating units assigned to this electricity product. To obtain information on all generating units owned by, or under contract to Clearview Energy Company, call 1-800-746-4702.

2. See reverse side and your contract terms and conditions for further information on this label. You may also call Clearview Energy at 1-800-746-4702, or the Massachusetts Division of Energy Resources at 1-800-727-1234.

LABEL DESCRIPTION

Generation Price and Contract:

The Generation Prices displayed are representative average prices for electricity at usage levels that are typical for residential customers. Contract items displayed present the length of your contract for generation service, and the price terms included in your contract. See your recent bill to determine average monthly use, and your Terms of Service for additional information.

Power Sources:

The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid, which receives power from a variety of power plants and transmits the power throughout the region as needed to meet the requirements of all customers in New England. When you choose a power supplier, that supplier is responsible for generating and/or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Known Resources include resources that are owned by, or under contract to, the supplier. System power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market. Biomass refers to power plants that are fueled by wood or other plant matter. Hydro resources of greater than 30 megawatts in size are deemed "large hydro". All other hydro resources are deemed "small hydro". Other Renewables include fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas, and ocean thermal.

Emissions:

Emissions for each of the following pollutants are presented as a percentage of the regional average emission rate.

<u>Carbon Dioxide</u> (CO₂) is released when fossil fuels (e.g., coal, oil, and natural gas) are burned. Carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas, is a major contributor to global warming.

<u>Nitrogen Oxides</u> (NO_X) form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog) and may cause respiratory illness in children with frequent high-level exposure. NOx also contributes to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters which is destructive to fish and other animal life.

<u>Sulfur Dioxide</u> (SO₂) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned, primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with SO₂ include asthma, respiratory illness, and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. SO₂ combines with water and oxygen in the atmosphere to form acid rain, which raises the acid level of lakes and streams, and accelerates the decay of buildings and monuments.

<u>Labor Data:</u>

The information on this label regarding whether generators or suppliers operate under collective bargaining agreements is provided to inform you about whether the energy was produced in plants where employees and management and protected by union contracts. The information on this label regarding the use of a generator or supplier during a strike by or lock-out of its employees has replaced them with other workers.